



jQuery Event Handling Part 1

SENG 4640

Software Engineering for Web Apps
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Review

- Previously we saw how to use jQuery to select and modify DOM elements and add event listeners
- How else can we specify selectors and add event listeners?

jQuery

Example - Highlight mouse over Item



- dog
- cat
- elephant
- bear

- dog
- cat
- elephant
- bear

- dog
- cat
- elephant
- **bear**

```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>
<body>
<ul>
<li>dog</li>
<li>cat</li>
<li>elephant</li>
<li>bear</li>
</ul>

<script>

$('li').mouseenter(function() {
    $(this).css('color', 'red');
    $(this).css('font-size', '120%');
});

$('li').mouseleave(function() {
    $(this).css('color', 'black');
    $(this).css('font-size', '100%');
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

every html element in jQuery has a css function to set the style using css notation

```
<html>
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<body>
<ul>
<li>dog</li>
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<li>bear</li>
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```

[add jQuery to use jQuery](#)


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    $(this).css('font-size', '100%');
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</script>

</body>
</html>
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mouseenter event handler for all li items

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<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>
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<li>dog</li>
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</script>

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</html>
```

note: there are various ways to change font-size
Check [Here](#)

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});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

mouseleave event is when a user away mouse from an item

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<body>
<ul>
<li>dog</li>
<li>cat</li>
<li>elephant</li>
<li>bear</li>
</ul>

<script>

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    $(this).css('color', 'red');
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$('li').mouseleave(function() {
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</script>

</body>
</html>
```

hover is a shortcut in jQuery for the common combination of mouseenter and mouseleave

```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>
<body>
<ul>
<li>dog</li>
<li>cat</li>
<li>elephant</li>
<li>bear</li>
</ul>

<script>

$('li').hover( function() {
    $(this).css('color', 'red');
    $(this).css('font-size', '120%');
},
function() {
    $(this).css('color', 'black');
    $(this).css('font-size', '100%');
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

hover gets two functions

```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>
<body>
<ul>
<li>dog</li>
<li>cat</li>
<li>elephant</li>
<li>bear</li>
</ul>

<script>

$('li').on({
  mouseenter: function() {
    $(this).css('color', 'red');
    $(this).css('font-size', '120%');
  },
  mouseleave: function() {
    $(this).css('color', 'black');
    $(this).css('font-size', '100%');
  },
  click: function() {
    $(this).css('background-color', 'yellow');
  }
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

on allows to bind multiple event handlers to one item

```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>
<body>
<ul>
<li>dog</li>
<li>cat</li>
<li>elephant</li>
<li>bear</li>
</ul>

<script>


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  mouseenter: function() {
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  },
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    $(this).css('color', 'black');
    $(this).css('font-size', '100%');
  },
  click: function() {
    $(this).css('background-color', 'yellow');
  }
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

on allows to bind multiple event handlers to one item

- dog
- cat
- elephant
- bear

- canary 
- eagle


```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>

<body>
<ul>
<li class="highlight">dog</li>
<li class="highlight">cat</li>
<li class="highlight">elephant</li>
<li class="highlight">bear</li>
</ul>

<ul>
<li>canary</li>
<li>eagle</li>
</ul>

<script>

$("li.highlight").on({
mouseenter: function() { . . . },
mouseleave: function() { . . . },
click: function() { . . . }
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

In this example we have two different lists

```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>

<body>
<ul>
<li class="highlight">dog</li>
<li class="highlight">cat</li>
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<li class="highlight">bear</li>
</ul>

<ul>
<li>canary</li>
<li>eagle</li>
</ul>

<script>

$("li.highlight").on({
mouseenter: function() { . . . },
mouseleave: function() { . . . },
click: function() { . . . }
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

define a class for li items that you want to change

```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>

<body>
<ul>
<li class="highlight">dog</li>
<li class="highlight">cat</li>
<li class="highlight">elephant</li>
<li class="highlight">bear</li>
</ul>

<ul>
<li>canary</li>
<li>eagle</li>
</ul>

<script>

$("li.highlight").on({
mouseenter: function() { . . . },
mouseleave: function() { . . . },
click: function() { . . . }
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

only apply on li within the highlight class

```
<html>
<head><script src="jquery.js"></script></head>

<body>
<ul class="highlight">
<li>dog</li>
<li>cat</li>
<li>elephant</li>
<li>bear</li>
</ul>

<ul>
<li>canary</li>
<li>eagle</li>
</ul>

<script>

$("ul.highlight").find("li").on({
mouseenter: function() { . . . },
mouseleave: function() { . . . },
click: function() { . . . }
});

</script>

</body>
</html>
```

or define the whole list as highlight class and select lis inside that list

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<ul class="highlight">
<li>dog</li>
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<li>bear</li>
</ul>

<ul>
<li>canary</li>
<li>eagle</li>
</ul>

<script>

$("ul.highlight").find("li").on({
mouseenter: function() { . . . },
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find finds the items (li here) inside the selector (ul with highlight class here)

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 - `$("#div.book")` selects the div with class="book"
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- **:** can be used to specify element properties
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Advanced Selectors

- `$(someNodes).find(selector)` will search *someNodes*' children for selector.
- **\$** selectors can be chained
 - `$("#div.book")` selects the div with class="book"
 - `$("#div, .book")` selects all divs **and** all elements with class="book"
- **:** can be used to specify element properties
 - `$("#p:hidden")` selects all `<p>` elements that are visually hidden
- These selectors are all CSS selectors!
 - All other CSS selectors also work in `$`

Summary

- jQuery can be used to retrieve and modify DOM elements and add event listeners
- We can use advanced selectors and handlers to simplify functionality